

## In-situ and ex-situ conservation

Both *in-situ* and *ex-situ* conservation methods play a vital role in the preservation of threatened species. Research the advantages and disadvantages of each method (fill in the boxes below).

| <u>in-situ conservation</u> in-situ means conserving species where they are naturally found e.g. national parks, nature reserves. |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| <u>Advantages</u>   | <u>Disadvantages</u> |
| <u>ex-situ conservation</u> ex-situ means conserving species outside their natural habitats e.g. zoos.                            |                      |
| <u>Advantages</u>   | <u>Disadvantages</u> |
| The majority of conservation projects have both <i>in-situ</i> and <i>ex-situ</i> components. Why?                                |                      |
| Outline a ZSL project that includes both these aspects— find out about our projects here:  http://www.zsl.org/conservation        |                      |